An initial assessment of a few physico-chemical characteristics of the water at Ambala Lake in Tahsil Ramtek, District Nagpur (MS), India.

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Abstract

Present investigation Ambala belongs to the Ramtek. Sections of the Ambagad mountain range are located on Ramtek's western border district Maharashtra. Initially a few physic-chemical parameters like temperature, conductivity, total dissolved solid, turbidity, pH, and dissolved oxygen were analysed. The collected water sample noted and examine for purpose of ecological stability. From the analysis of some water parameters we suggest that the range of physico-chemical parameters is below the permissible limit but lake is slightly polluted due to the anthropogenic contamination.

Keyword: Ambala lake, physico-chemical parameters, Pollution Introduction

Water is a transparent and nearly colorless chemical substance. Its chemical formula is H_2O . It also occurs in nature as snow, glaciers, ice packs and icebergs, clouds, fog, dew, aquifers and atmospheric humidity. Limnology is closely related to aquatic ecology and hydrology, which study aquatic organisms in particular regard to their hydrological environment. Limnology is sometimes equated with freshwater science but it also comprises Earth. The functional unit of aquatic habitat is aquatic ecosystem. Water quality programs give the current information required for the most beneficial improvement and supervision for the beneficial applications (Bobdey *et al.*, 2014). The acquisition of meaningful data the study of inland salt lakes. Hydrobiology is the science of life and life process in water. Aquatic habitat is one of the major natural habits on Earth.

Materials and Methods

Water plays very crucial role in cycling the various inorganic and organic substances required to perform and sustain life on demands correct sampling and preservation procedures. It has been scientifically proved that the shorter the time interval between sample collection and analysis, more accurate are the results. The analysis of water samples is to be performed preferably in the field. The analysis of certain parameters such as, temperature, conductivity, total dissolved solid, turbidity, pH, and dissolved oxygen is to be performed in the field by using portable ELIKO makes a digital water analysis kit on the station of collection by the laboratory techniques given by APHA (2012). The study was carried out for the period of six months (from Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2021). Several researchers work on hydrobiology, limnology field on the basis of water quality the above parameters of our findings plotted in the form of graphical representation.

Results and Discussion

Temperature of the Ambala lake showing peak values in the summer months and least values in the winter months. Minimum temperature noted 19.28 °C in the month of January and 31.4°C in May month during the investigation. Electric conductivity maximum values 385 µmhos/cm during monsoon period and minimum 141 µmhos/cm during winter time. Total dissolved solid ranges from 177 mg/L to 408 mg/L. Turbidity ranges from 1.7 NTU to 16.5 NTU. pH values ranges from 7.1 to 8.5, above parameters maximum during monsoon and

minimum during winter months. Dissolved oxygen ranges from 5.6 mg/L to 14.8 mg/L maximum during winter months and minimum in summer months. The values are corroborated with the findings of Ingale *et al.*, (2015) from Bhiwapur lake, Nagpur (M.S.), India. Gharpure *et al.*,(2017) from Vena river Hingana region, Nagpur, Khiratkar *et al.*,(2017) from Labhansarad Dam in Warora Taluka of Chandrapur District, Maharashtra State, India. Watkar *et al.*,(2017) from Kolar river, near Saoner region, Nagpur. Gorghate *et al.*, (2020) from Chichtola Lake in Gondia District of Maharashtra State, India and Ingale *et al.*,(2018).

Conclusion

From the study it's concluded that some physico-chemical parameters of Ambala lake, Ramtek affected from anthropogenic activities in water such as holy baths, asthivisarjan/dasakriya pujan, which might soon cause serious water pollution in the study area.

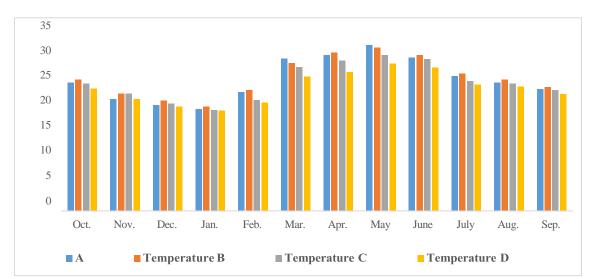


Fig. no. 1: Water temperature of Ambala lake Ramtek during Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2022

Fig.no. 2: Electric Conductivity of Ambala lake Ramtek during Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2022.

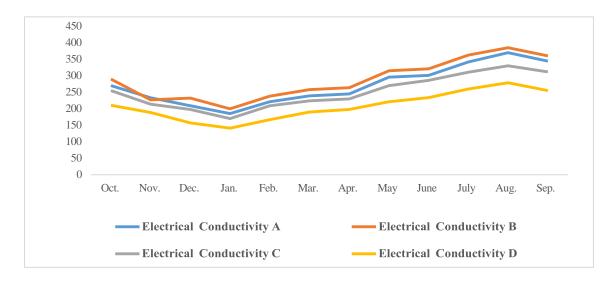


Fig. no. 3: TDS of Ambala lake Ramtek during Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2022.

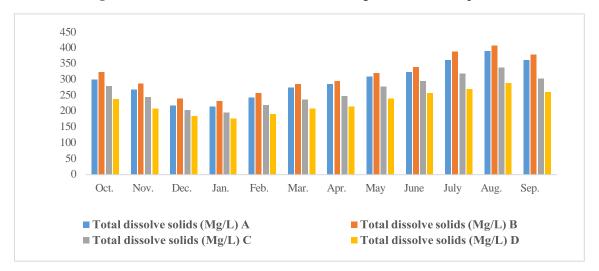


Fig. no. 4: Turbidity of Ambala lake Ramtek during Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2022.

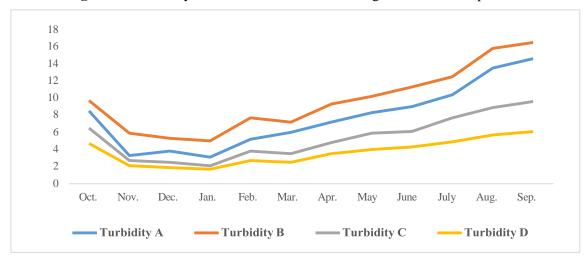
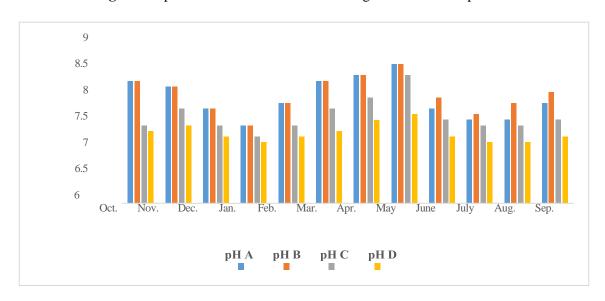


Fig. no. 5: pH of Ambala lake Ramtek during Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2022.



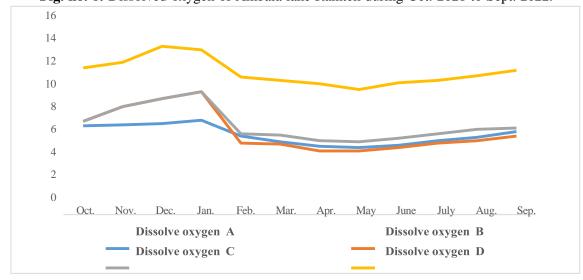


Fig. no. 6: Dissolved oxygen of Ambala lake Ramtek during Oct. 2021 to Sept. 2022.

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